Internet gove	ernance
Introduction	
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	-,
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Introduction: I	earninggoals
	<ul> <li>Understand what issues are</li> </ul>
	covered by the concept of
	"Internet governance"
	<ul> <li>Understand the underlying legal concepts that relate to</li> </ul>
	governing the Internet
	<ul> <li>Understand who are the</li> </ul>
	players that impact Internet
	governance
	<ul> <li>Understand the US laws relating to Internet</li> </ul>
	governance
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<u> </u>	
Topics, all requ	uired
	• Issues
R	Issues that Internet governance
	must consider
11	Issues morality
	Governments try to define what is moral for their citizens
re-	<ul> <li>Legal players</li> </ul>
FC	Organizations and agencies in the
	Internet governance space
= 6	<ul> <li>Legal concepts</li> <li>Legal theories that impact</li> </ul>
(	governance approaches
<u> </u>	

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Topics, all requ	uired		
	<ul> <li>US Laws         US laws that impact governance         approaches</li> </ul>	_	
	US moral authority     US has managed the Internet from the start		
	The perceived correctness of this has changed		
Internet Assigned Numbers Authority	International     Telecommunications regulations     for all but the Internet are well     established		
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Internet Gov	ernance
Is sues that in	fluence Internet Governance
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lakana et e e e	
internet gover	nance-related issues
	<ul> <li>Some of the issues         Network topology and legal     </li> </ul>
(R)	jurisdiction
	Trademark Morality
	Copyright
(C)	State security
	Social disruption IT Security
<b>ሰ</b>	Safety
<b>D</b>	Money Privacy
8888	Corporation personhood
100000	US moral authority
2	Implications of technology
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Network topol	ogv
	<ul> <li>Network topology not same</li> </ul>
	as legal jurisdiction
	E.g. judge in Kentucky seized
KENTUCKY	domain names of gambling web sites (November 1998)
DERBY	The web sites were not in Kentucky & were usable from around the
	world
0.88	E.g., a judge in France telling Yahoo! (in the US) to not show
FARE	Nazi materials to anyone in
	France (December 2000) E.g., Australian courts ruled that
	an article on a Chicago web site
	violated Australian libel laws (December 2002)
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### Trademark



 In non-Internet world a name (trademark) is bounded by

> geography line of business logo

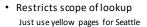
full name

• Internet names bounded only by higher level domain

e.g., .com is global See ICANN *Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy* 

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### Trademark, advantages of bounding





Additional qualifiers
 Acme Glass not the same as
 Acme Pizza

 Acme Glass in Seattle not the same as Acme Glass in Boston

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### Copyright



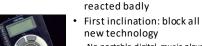
 The digital era has dramatically changed businesses that depend on copyright

E.g., music & video

- Copies are very easy to make
- All copies are as perfect as the first one
- Copies are very easy to transport

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### New technology: industry reaction





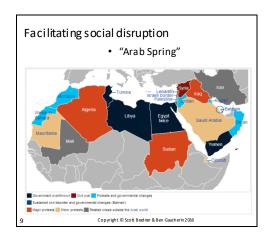
new technology No portable digital music players if they had succeeded

• The copyright industry has

Second inclination: Modify Internet to match old business models

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### State security • Control & monitor Internet • Terrorists as an excuse But mostly used for normal law enforcement (& surveillance) Westphalian model? Copyright © Scott Bradner & Ben Gaucherin 2016



## Government intelligence "Traditional" espionage Business & government intelligence Steal IPR or business plans Money Steal credit card or banking information Copyright © Scott Bedree & Ben Gaucherin 2016

### Safety



- First responder communications
- Emergency communications (e.g. 911)
- Regulators assume prioritization is the answer But the Internet does not work like the circuit-switched telephone network

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### Money



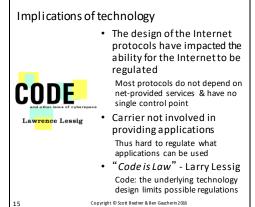


 ISPs want to get in on content value
 There must be gold in there!



## • So are thous ands of other companies (and governments) Google IS WATCHING Soxfirst.com 13 Copyright © Scot Badner & Ben Gaucheria 2016

## Corporations as people The New Yorker Mar. 14,2011 Copyright 0 Scott Badner & Ben Gaucherin 2016



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## Internet Governance Issues: Morality CSCIE 45b: The Cyber World – part B Copyright © Scott Bodder & Ben Gauchein 2016

### Morality an issue from the beginning



- From the International Telegraph Convention – 1850
- Requirement to be able to filter telegrams that "may appear dangerous to the safety of the State or which would be contrary to the laws of the country, public order or morality"

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### Morality

the differentiation of intentions, decisions, and actions between those that are "good" (or right) and those that are "bad" (or wrong)



- Government knows better than you what is good for you
- Protecting kids is a common excuse in US
  - Because 1<sup>st</sup> amendment protects adults from controls
- Some governments "protect" everyone E.g., China & England

### Morality, the U.S. CDA as an example

• The U.S. Communications Decency Act of 1996



• Illegal to use a telecommunications system to send material someone under 18 should not see such that someone under18 sees the material Covered national and international telecommunications systems e.g., the Internet

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### CDA, exception, if sender:



 "has taken, in good faith, reasonable, effective, and appropriate actions under the circumstances to restrict or prevent access by minors to a communication specified in such subsections, which may involve any appropriate measures to restrict minors from such communications, including any method which is feasible under available technology"

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### Morality, the CDA, contd.



- CDA challenged by American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) and American Library Association (ALA)
- Declared unconstitutional by federal court & that ruling was upheld by U.S. Supreme Court

Not the minimum effective method, too much impact on adult use

### Morality, the CDA, contd.



· Congress tried again Child Online Protection Act (COPA) 1998

Restrict underage access to sites with "material harmful to minors" Ruled unconstitutional

But the court did not rule on its practicality





Children's Internet Protection Act (CIPA) 2000

Requires K-12 schools & public libraries install filters on computers Patrons can request removal Upheld

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### Sons of CDA



• Many states have passed laws restricting distribution of material 'harmful to minors' to minors



• Many outlawed sending such material to a minor (e.g. Massachusetts, Utah & Alaska)

Taken to court

Generally reached agreements to change law to require "knowingly"

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England flag - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Union\_Jack
CDA - http://www.slideshare.net/AdityaKumar33/communication-decency-act

http://www.ala.org/aboutala/contactus/rights/logo-rules

CIPA- https://wiki.uiowa.edu/pages/viewpage.action?pageld=60267257 mass outline-http://www.clipartbest.com/free-outline-of-massachusetts

utah outline - http://www.spangledwithstars.com/states-and-capitals/ capit al-of-

alaska outline - http://spangledwithstars.com/us-state-maps/map-of-alaska.htm

ICANN Internet Society  I E T F  W3C°	<ul> <li>Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers</li> <li>Internet Society</li> <li>Internet Engineering Task Force</li> <li>World Wide Web</li> </ul>
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Legal concept	CS .			
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Legal factors				
	<ul> <li>Privacy regulation approaches</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Regulatory approaches</li> </ul>			
	<ul><li>Carrier's view</li><li>Common carriage</li></ul>			
	Network neutrality			
			-	
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Privacyregula	<ul><li>US: address specificissues</li></ul>			
36	Laws address particular			
RobertBork	situations E.g., video tape rental records			
Kobertbork	<ul> <li>Most of the rest of the world: holistic, principle-</li> </ul>			
****	based approach  Laws address all data owners,			
****	independent of the type of data or the reason they have the data			
	As long as the data is "personal information"			

### Regulatory approaches



Openists

Net must be open to enable innovation commons Require network neutrality e.g., power grid does not favor

toasters To let people at edge/end innovate

Dumb pipe must be available & cost effective

> The Broadband Debate: A User's Guide - Tim Wu

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### Regulatory approaches, contd.



Deregulationists

If 'network is property' companies will innovate Note: "property" specifically includes right to exclude

Network owner needs incentive to invest

Mandatory smart pipe OK

The Broadband Debate: A User's Guide - Tim Wu

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### Carrier point of view



• It's my wire, I'll do what I want with it

Edward E. Whitacre - CEO AT&T 'Google, Vonage & Skype are using my network for free

- Ignoring the fact that the customer bought the service in order to access Google,
- Pushing to charge sites for "better service"

Small step to making payment required for any useful transport (i.e., a protection racket)

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An individual or business
that advertises to the public
that it is available for hire to
transport people or
property in exchange for a
fee.
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Common carriage, contd.
A common carrier is legally
bound to carry all
passengers or freight as long
as there is enough space,
the fee is paid, and no
reasonable grounds to
reasonable grounds to refuse to do so exist. A
common carrier that
unjustifiably refuses to carry
a particular person or cargo
may be sued for damages.
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### Common carriage, contd.



Basic concept:
 Treat customers consistently & fairly

- Started with freight carriers
- Extended to telecommunications in 1910 AT&T became a regulated monopoly – "one system"
- Updated by the Communications Act of 1934 and the Telecommunications Act of 1996

Telephone companies are regulated under Title II of the act Copyright © Scot Bedrer & Ben Gaucherin 2016

### Network neutrality



Concept: ISPs should treat all Internet traffic equally Not processing or charging

differently because of some factor

e.g., a business relationship E.g., common carriage

 But some carriers want to be able to charge for "better" service

Only works if no payment means worse service

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### Network neutrality, contd.



 FCC made multiple attempts at establishing network neutrality

E.g., 4 principles in 2005

- Overturned by the courts
- FCC tried again in March 2015

Extended Title II to ISPs

But said they would "forebear" on most Title II powers for ISPs

Sued (again)

Network neutrality, contd.	
June 2016: 3 judge panel of appeals court supported the FCC     Decision appealed to full court, will be appealed to Supreme Court if unsuccessful     Legal observers expect this is the final ruling     Future issue: will the FCC continue to forebear	
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### Change in administration = change at FCC



- The FCC chair and majority membership is determined by the party that holds the US presidency
- President Donald Trump designated Ajit Pai, a then current FCC commissioner, as FCC Chair in January 2017 Was briefly a lawyer at Verizon Communications
- As a commissioner, Pai had voted against the Title II order

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### Undoing network neutrality

- Pai announced when he was appointed chair that his top goal was to repeal the Title Il order
- Proposed order to repeal Title II order published May 18, 2017 for comment



27.1 M comments received

Many generated by bots Independent analysis showed most bot generated comments favored repeal, most humans opposed

FCC dismissed almost all comments

### Undoing network neutrality, contd. · Many others opposed • E.g., Tim Bernors-Loc, inventor of the World Wide Web & professor, MIT In July over 200 "prominent John Borthwick, CEO, Benavorka Internet pioneers and engineers" Score O. Brudner, Innernet ploneer sent a letter outlining multiple factual errors in the proposed In December 21 "big name Susan Landau, criteriecurity expert & professor, Tufis University leaders in the Internet world" asked congress to block the FCC Ronald L. Riwest, co-inventor of RSA public-key encryption algorithm US polls indicate proposal is very Stephen Wolff, Internet pioneer unpopular (across the board)

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### Undoing network neutrality, contd.



FCC Commissioner Mignon Clyburn Strong dissent

- On December 14, 2017 the commission voted along party lines to repeal the Title II order
- Multiple states and Internet associations have announced they will sue to block the new order when it goes into effect

Congress could block but Trump would have to sign the bill

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### The new FCC order



- The Order is referred to as The Restoring Internet Freedom Order
- Gets the FCC out of regulating ISPs

Network neutrality rules will rely on an honor system

Relying on Verizon being altruistic

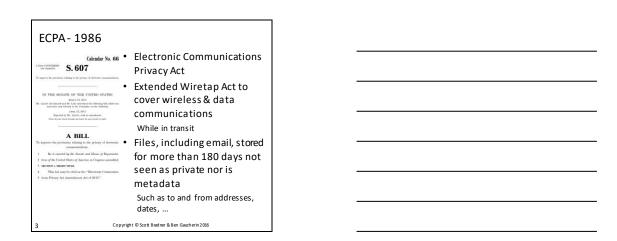
 Requires "transparency" from ISPs on what they do

Assumes customers could move to an alternate ISP if they do not like what they see

### Since repeal (2021 update) • Repeal upheld in court But court blocked state preemption FCC sued California anyway over state network neutrality rules Lawsuit may be dropped under Lawsuit was new administration dropped by • New FCC may revisit issue Biden new Chair & one new Democratic administration commissioner UPDATED not yet (2024)

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inte	Iligence information"  Iding physical searches



### The Computer Fraudand Abuse Act - 1986







 Unapproved access, access in excess of authorization to a "protected computer" a felony

Seen to cover all computers connected to the Internet (including smartphones)

 Act has been updated by many other laws Used against Robert Morris, Chelsea Manning, Aaron Swartz...

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### CFAA, update



- US Supreme Court decided in *Van Buren v. United States* to limit application of the CFAA (June 2021)
- Blocked CFAA from being used against some one who misused data they had legit access to on a computer they had legit access to e.g., cannot be used against

someone who just violates terms of service

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### Clipper chip - 1993



 NSA proposal for mandatory use of a hardware encryption chip



 Chip would split chip's private key in two parts and escrow each part with a different government agency
 Would take a court order to

retrieve the key parts

### Clipper chip, issues



Trust issues
 Had to trust government that
 only proper process would be
 used to get key



Design issues



Too easy to brute force guess one field in message Too easy to embed encrypted message

Legal issues
 Government could have spoofed the message signature since they had access to private key

• Proposal abandoned

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### DMCA-1998



 Digital Millennium Copyright Act



- Intended to bring US copyright law into the digital age - and implement WIPO copyright treaties
- Blocks circumventing of DRM technology

No person shall circumvent a technical measure that effectively controls access to a work protected under this title

1201[a][1]

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### DMCA, contd.

• Some very limited exceptions in law e.g., libraries, law enforcement,

encryption research , security testing, reverse engineering, protecting privacy



Other limits can be added by US Copyright Office Open for suggestions every 3

years

Very few exceptions granted

### DMCA, contd.



Comp to pay \$1.5 million for indigeting consuments to CNN

The contraction of the contract to the consumeration of the contract to the contrac

- Anti circumvention provision used to sue (or threaten) researchers who disclose poor security
  - e.g., SunnComm over disclosure of shift key
- I.e., the DMCA tries its best to ensure that the US has weak security on its products

Your government (and the copyright lobby) at work

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### USA PATRIOT Act - 2001



- Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism (USA PATRIOT ACT) Act
- Passed a month after the 9/11 attacks
- Grab bag of topics

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### National security letters (NSLs)



PATRIOT Act expanded NSLs
 Originally authorized in Right to
 Financial Privacy Act

Demand for private information with gag order

143,074 NSLs by FBI in two year period (ACLU information) 53 criminal referrals (0 for terrorism) – 0.037%

17 money laundering, 17 immigration, 19 fraud

### USA PATRIOT Act, contd.

### NOTICE

The Skokie Public Library makes every effort to guard your privacy in the use of Library materials and computers. However, due to the terms of the USA PATRIOT Act (Public Law 107-56), Federal officials provide information about your use of library resources without informing you that we have done so. The USA PATRIOT Act was initiated by Attorney General John Asheroft.

- Many controversial parts
   e.g., looking at library records,
   requirements for non-disclosure
   of some info requests, secret
   search OK (but not limited to
   terrorism), roving wiretap
   authority, require production of
   "any tangible things" without
   having to show probable cause
- Some successful court challenges on some sections e.g., gag order part of national security letters
- Updated/reauthorized multiple times Modified some provisions

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### USA PATRIOT Act, includes:



Definition of domestic terrorism
Life threatening action intended to
intimidate or coerce population or
government
Yelling at flight attendant ==
terrorism

Changed rules for wiretaps & access to information Immunized wiretappers Monitoring non-US persons Changed notification requirements
Permitted secret access to

business (e.g., library) records

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### Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act 1978





- Established that non-criminal electronic surveillances within the United States were only permissible for the purpose of collecting foreign intelligence and/or foreign counterintelligence.
- Established procedures for the conduct of foreign intelligence surveillance

### FISA, contd.



Section 702 of FISA Act

There must be a valid, documented foreign intelligence purpose, such as counterterrorism NSA is not permitted to target U.S. persons, or to target non-U.S. persons outside the United if the purpose is to target a particular, known person inside the United States

NSA is not permitted to intercept any "wholly domestic" U.S. communications

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### FISA, contd.



 Target selectors

 a unique identifier associated with the target - for example, a telephone number or an email address. This unique identifier is referred to as a selector. The selector is not a "keyword" or particular term (e.g., "nuclear" or "bomb"), but must be a specific

communications identifier (e.g., e-

Over 200K targets (2022)

16

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mail address)

### FISA, contd.



Captured communications
 Put in a NSA run database
 But only legit communications
 200 million / year
 NSA analysts can query database



So can FBI Supposedly strict rules FBI violated the rules 3.4 million times in 2021

204K times in 2022

17

### FISA, contd.



- Section 702 up for renewal Was to expire the end of 2023 Extended to April 19 2024
- Biggest issue: FBI access Plan a: require warrants Plan b: better oversight
- Basically, the FBI head says the FBI can not do its job if they have to obey the U.S. Constitution

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Morris - http://www.nndb.com/people/466/000027385/

Swartz - http://www.wbur.org/2013/01/13/aaron-swartz-obituary

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IIS Internet	management
J.J. HILEHILE	
	<ul> <li>U.S. seen as developing and managing the Internet from</li> </ul>
	the start
	In spite of significant
	contributions from English and French scientists
	U.S. has "run" the Internet
000000	since the start
	Controlled technical functions
	relating to DNS & address block assignment thorough IANA &
	then ICANN
	Not non-technical management
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U.S. Internet	management, contd.
	Other countries have "gone " "
	along"
	For many years the US fended off alternative Internet management
	– e.g. the ITU-T
	Part of the reason was that
	the U.S. was seen as looking out for the best interests of
	the Internet & its users
	i.e., the U.S. had a "moral
	authority" on its side
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U.S. moral authority	
Snowden revelations changed the picture Reduced the U.S.'s moral authority  U.S. was no longer seen as protecting the Internet or its users  Made it much harder for the U.S. to convince other nations to let it be the "benign dictator" of the Internet	
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## Internet governance International CSCI E 45b: The Cyber World – part B

### Non-Internet governance



- International telegraph regulations starting 1865 International Telegraph Convention & International Telegraph Union (ITU)
- Expanded to radio and telephone (1885 & 1906)
- Initial regulations mostly operational, not technical Tariffs, settlements, government control, carrier communications,

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### Non-Internet governance, contd.



- By 1993, telephone technical standards and operational regulations combined in International Telecommunications Union (ITU)
- Regulation focuses: interconnections between country-based providers & phone number assignments
   Factoid: ISP interconnects & address assignments have never have been regulated

Internet	
Internet gove	
	<ul> <li>IANA functions</li> </ul>
iana	Protocol parameters
rnet Assigned Numbers Auti	Address assignments
	TLD management
	<ul> <li>Settlements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Inter-ISP communications</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Content</li> </ul>
	Copyright © Scott Bradner & Ben Gaucherin 2016
	COPYRIGHT SOUR DISTRICT & DESTUSABLE IN 2010
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4	
<del>1</del>	
	vernance: IANA functions
,	<ul> <li>Protocol parameters</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Protocol parameters</li> <li>Policies developed by IETF</li> </ul>
Historical gov	<ul> <li>Protocol parameters         Policies developed by IETF standards process     </li> <li>Address assignments         Policy developed by regional     </li> </ul>
Historical gov	Protocol parameters     Policies developed by IETF     standards process     Address assignments     Policy developed by regional     Internet registries (RIRs)
I E T F	Protocol parameters Policies developed by IETF standards process Address assignments Policy developed by regional Internet registries (RIRs) TLD management
Historical gov	Protocol parameters Policies developed by IETF standards process Address assignments Policy developed by regional Internet registries (RIRs) TLD management Policy developed by IANA
Historical gov	Protocol parameters Policies developed by IETF standards process Address assignments Policy developed by regional Internet registries (RIRs) TLD management
Historical gov	Protocol parameters Policies developed by IETF standards process Address assignments Policy developed by regional Internet registries (RIRs) TLD management Policy developed by IANA First by Jon Postel Then by ICANN
Historical gov	Protocol parameters Policies developed by IETF standards process Address assignments Policy developed by regional Internet registries (RIRs) TLD management Policy developed by IANA First by Jon Postel Then by ICANN  No significant government
Historical gov	Protocol parameters Policies developed by IETF standards process Address assignments Policy developed by regional Internet registries (RIRs) TLD management Policy developed by IANA First by Jon Postel Then by ICANN
Historical gov	Protocol parameters Policies developed by IETF standards process Address assignments Policy developed by regional Internet registries (RIRs) TLD management Policy developed by IANA First by Jon Postel Then by ICANN  No significant government

### Internet governance: tussle



 Many governments see an unregulated Internet as a threat

Economic and social



 Many governments want to put IANA functions under international regulations

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### IANA transition



- On March 14, 2014 US government announced "Intent to Transition Key Internet Domain Name Functions"
- Called for a public multistakeholder process to develop a plan for moving forward

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### IANA transition, contd.





- NTIA's transition plan requirements:
  - Support and enhance the multistakeholder model;
  - Maintain the security, stability, and resiliency of the Internet DNS;
  - Meet the needs and expectation of the global customers and partners of the IANA services; and,
  - 4. Maintain the openness of the Internet.

### IANA transition, contd.

Players: Domain Names (CWG-Stewardship) Numbering Resources (CRISP Team) Protocol Parameters (IANAPLAN Working Group)

- After much contention an initial transition plan was created
- Separate plan to ensure ICANN accountability
- · Plans went out for comments
- Final proposal submitted to NTIA march 2016

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### IANA transition, contd.



- Some in U.S. Congress unhappy that the US was giving away the Internet Blocked NTIA from spending money on letting go
- IANA contract and congress block ran out 30 Sep. 2016
- IANA/ICANN independent as of 1 Oct 2016

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Manyissuesi	mpact Internet governance	
	<ul> <li>Money issues: trademark, copyright, settlements</li> <li>People issues: privacy</li> <li>Government issues:</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>copyright, settlements</li> <li>People issues: privacy</li> <li>Government issues: morality, state disruption, safety</li> <li>Company issues: IT security,</li> </ul>	
CODE  Lawrence Lessig	<ul> <li>copyright, settlements</li> <li>People issues: privacy</li> <li>Government issues: morality, state disruption, safety</li> </ul>	

### Legal players & concepts



 National and international regulators want to play
But no history of Internet governance



 The legal approaches in the US and Europe are very different

General philosophy vs point solutions



 Regulatory mindsets also different

Openists vs. Deregulationists

### **Network Neutrality**



- What powers do the ISPs have to decide how the network are charged for?
- Are ISPs subject to common carriage rules?

  Like telephone carriers?

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### US legal space



 A number of US laws impact, but do not directly control, the Internet Computer Fraud and Abuse Act DMCA USA PATRIOT Act



- Snowden revelations have loosened the US grip on Internet management
- Ongoing developments

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### US legal space



• FISA
Computer Fraud and Abuse Act

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